Muscogees: Roly McIntosh, Alex. Gillespie, Samuel Miller, Samuel Perryman, John Randam, To-me-yo-hola, Efi-emathla, Chis-co-laco-mici, Encotts Harjo, Ufalila Harjo. Osages:

Clermont, the Principal Chief, Ka-hi-gair-tanga, the Big Chief Ka-hi-gair-wa-chin-pi-chais, the Mad Chan-gais-mon-non, the Horse Thief,

${f Witnesses:}$

Wm. Whistler, Lieutenant-Colonel Seventh Infantry, commanding.B. L. E. Bonneville, captain, Seventh Infantry

Francis Lee, captain, Seventh Infantry Jas. R. Stephenson, captain, Seventh In-

fantry. P. S. G. Bell, captain, First Dragoons W. Seawell, captain, Seventh Infantry.

and secretary to the commissioners. S. W. Moore, first lientenant and adjutant, Seventh Infantry.

Th. H. Holmes, first lieutentant, Seventh

Infantry. R. H. Ross, first lieutenant, Seventh Infantry.

Wa-cri-cha, the Liberal, Ta-lais, the Going Deer, Chonta-sa-bais, the Black Dog, Wa-clum-pi-chais, the Mad Warrior Mi-ta-ni-ga, the Crazy Blanket, Wa ta-ni-ga the Crazy Wa-ta-ni-ga, the Crazy, Hec-ra-ti, the War Eagle, Tan-wan-ga-hais, the Townmaker, Ha-ha-ga-la, the One they Cry For, Chongais-han-ga, the Learned Dog, Man-pa-cha, the Brave Man, Joseph Staidegais, the Tall Joseph, Tais-ha-wa-gra-kim, the Chief Bearer, Sa-wa-the, the Dreadful, Ca-wa-wa-gu, the One Who Gives Horses, U-de-gais-ta-wa-ta-ni-ga, the Crazy Osage.

J. H. Bailey, assistant surgeon.
 G. K. Paul, first lieutenant, Seventh Infantry.

S. G. Simmons, first lieutenant, Seventh Infantry.

J. G. Reed, second lieutenant, Seventh Infantry

J. M. Wells, second lieutenant, Seventh Infantry. R. L. Dodge.

F. Britton, lieutenant, Seventh, U. S. Armv

S. Hardage, Creek interpreter.

(To the Indian names are subjoined marks.)

TREATY WITH THE CHIPPEWA, 1837.

Articles of a treaty made and concluded at St. Peters (the confluence of the St. Peters and Mississippi rivers) in the Territory of Wisconsin, 7 Stat., 536.

Proclamation, June between the United States of America, by their commissioner, Henry 15, 1888.

Dodge, Governor of said Territory, and the Chippewa nation of Indians, by their chiefs and headmen.

July 29, 1837.

ARTICLE 1. The said Chippewa nation cede to the United States all United States.

that tract of country included within the following boundaries:

Beginning at the junction of the Crow Wing and Mississippi rivers, hetween twenty and thirty miles above where the Mississippi is crossed by the forty-sixth parallel of north latitude, and running thence to the north point of Lake St. Croix, one of the sources of the St. Croix river; thence to and along the dividing ridge between the waters of Lake Superior and those of the Mississippi, to the sources of the Ocha-sua-sepe a tributary of the Chippewa river; thence to a point on the Chippewa river, twenty miles below the outlet of Lake De Flambeau; thence to the junction of the Wisconsin and Pelican rivers; thence on an east course twenty five miles; thence southerly, on a course parallel with that of the Wisconsin river, to the line dividing the territories of the Chippewas and Menomonies; thence to the Plover Portage; thence along the southern boundary of the Chippewa country, to the commencement of the boundary line dividing it from that of the Sioux, half a days march below the falls on the Chippewa river; thence with said boundary line to the mouth of Wah-tap river, at its junction with the Mississippi; and thence up the Mississippi to the place of beginning.

United States to make the following payments annually. States agree to make to the Chippewa nation, annually, for the term for twenty years. of twenty years, from the date of the ratification of this treaty, the following payments.

1. Nine thousand five hundred dollars, to be paid in money. 2. Nineteen thousand dollars, to be delivered in goods.

3: Three thousand dollars for establishing three blacksmiths shops, supporting the blacksmiths, and furnishing them with iron and steel.

4. One thousand dollars for farmers, and for supplying them and the Indians, with implements of labor, with grain or seed; and whatever else may be necessary to enable them to carry on their agricultural pursuits.

5. Two thousand dollars in provisions. Five hundred dollars in tobacco.

The provisions and tobacco to be delivered at the same time with the goods, and the money to be paid; which time or times, as well as the place or places where they are to be delivered, shall be fixed upon under the direction of the President of the United States.

The blacksmiths shops to be placed at such points in the Chippewa country as shall be designated by the Superintendent of Indian Affairs, or under his direction.

If at the expiration of one or more years the Indians should prefer to receive goods, instead of the nine thousand dollars agreed to be paid to them in money, they shall be at liberty to do so. Or, should they conclude to appropriate a portion of that annuity to the establishment and support of a school or schools among them, this shall be granted them.

Payment to half-breeds.

ARTICLE 3. The sum of one hundred thousand dollars shall be paid by the United States, to the half-breeds of the Chippewa nation, under the direction of the President. It is the wish of the Indians that their two sub-agents Daniel P. Bushnell, and Miles M. Vineyard, superintend the distribution of this money among their half-breed relations.

Payment of claims against Indians.

ARTICLE 4. The sum of seventy thousand dollars shall be applied to the payment, by the United States, of certain claims against the Indians; of which amount twenty eight thousand dollars shall, at their request, be paid to William A. Aitkin, twenty-five thousand to Lyman M. Warren, and the balance applied to the liquidation of other just demands against them—which they acknowledge to be the case with regard to that presented by Hercules L. Dousman, for the sum of five thousand dollars; and they request that it be paid.

Hunting ground.

ARTICLE 5. The privilege of hunting, fishing, and gathering the wild rice, upon the lands, the rivers and the lakes included in the territory ceded, is guarantied to the Indians, during the pleasure of the President of the United States.

Treaty binding when ratified.

ARTICLE 6. This treaty shall be obligatory from and after its ratification by the President and Senate of the United States.

Done at St. Peters in the Territory of Wisconsin the twenty-ninth day of July eighteen hundred and thirty-seven.

From Leech lake: Aish-ke-bo-ge-koshe, or Flat Mouth, R-che-o-sau-ya, or the Elder Brother

Pe-zhe-kins, the Young Buffalo, Ma-ghe-ga-bo, or La Trappe O-be-gwa-dans, the Chief of the Earth. Wa-bose, or the Rabbit Che-a-na-quod, or the Big Cloud. Warriors.

From Gull lake and Swan river: Pa-goo-na-kee-zhig, or the Hole in the Day,

Henry Dodge, Commissioner. Songa-ko-mig, or the Strong Ground. Wa-boo-jig, or the White Fisher, Ma-cou-da, or the Bear's Heart.

Warriors. From St. Croix river: Pe-zhe-ke, or the Buffalo, Ka-be-ma-be, or the Wet Month. Chiefs

Pa-ga-we-we-wetung, Coming Home Hollowing, Ya-banse, or the Young Buck, Kis-ke-ta-wak, or the Cut Ear Warriors.

From Lake Courteoville: Pa-qua-a-mo, or the Wood Pecker. Chief.

From Lac De Flambeau: Pish-ka-ga-ghe, or the White Crow, Na-wa-ge-wa, or the Knee,
O-ge-ma-ga, or the Dandy,
Pa-se-quam-jis, or the Commissioner, Wa-be-ne-me, or the White Thunder.

Chiefs. From La Pointe, (on Lake Superior): Pe-zhe-ke, or the Buffalo, Ta-qua-ga-na, or Two Lodges Meeting, Cha-che-que-o.

From Mille Lac: Wa-shask-ko-kone, or Rats Liver, Wen-ghe-ge-she-guk, or the First Day. Chiefs. Ada-we-ge-shik, or Both Ends of the Sky, Ka-ka-quap, or the Sparrow.

Warriors. From Sandy Lake: Ka-nan-da-wa-win-zo, or Le Brocheux We-we-shan-shis, the Bad Boy, or Big Mouth, Ke-che-wa-me-te-go, or the Big Frenchman.

Signed in presence of-

Verplanck Van Antwerp, Secretary to the Commissioner. M. M. Vineyard, U. S. Sub-Indian Agent. Daniel P. Bushnell. Law. Taliaferro, Indian Agent at St. Martin Scott, Captain, Fifth Regiment Infantry. J. Emerson, Assistant Surgeon, U. S. Army H. H. Sibley.

(To the Indian names are subjoined a mark and seal.)

Na-ta-me-ga-bo, the Man that stands First, Sa-ga-ta-gun, or Spunk.

Warriors.

From Snake river: Naudin, or the Wind, Sha-go-bai, or the Little Six, Pay-ajik, or the Lone Man, Na-qua-na-bie, or the Feather.

Chiefs.

Ha•tau-wa Wa-me-te-go-zhins, the Little Frenchman. Sho-ne-a, or Silver.

Warriors.

From Fond du Lac, (on Lake Superior): Mang-go-sit, or the Loons Foot, Shing-go-be, or the Spruce.

Chiefs. From Red Cedar lake: Mont-so-mo, or the Murdering Yell. From Red lake: Francois Goumean (a half breed). From Leech lake: Sha-wa-ghe-zhig, or the Sounding Sky, Wa-zau-ko-ni-a, or Yellow Robe. Warriors.

H. L. Dousman. S. C. Stambaugh, E. Lockwood. Lyman M. Warren. J. N. Nicollet. Harmen Van Antwerp. Wm. H. Forbes. Jean Baptiste Dubay, Interpreter. Peter Quinn, Interpreter. S. Campbell, U. S. Interpreter. Stephen Bonga, Interpreter. Wm. W Coriell.

TREATY WITH THE SIOUX, 1837.

Chiefs.

Articles of a treaty, made at the City of Washington, between Joel R. Poinsett, thereto specially authorized by the President of the United States, and certain chiefs and braves of the Sioux nation of Indians. Proclamation, June 15, 1839.

Sept. 29, 1837. 7 Stat. 538

ARTICLE 1st. The chiefs and braves representing the parties having an interest therein, cede to the United States all their land, east of the thirted States. Mississippi river, and all their islands in the said river.

ARTICLE 2d. In consideration of the cession contained in the pre-ding article the United States agree to the following stipulations on for. ceding article, the United States agree to the following stipulations on their part.

First. To invest the sum of \$300,000 (three hundred thousand dol. \$300,000 to be inlars) in such safe and profitable State stocks as the President may direct, and to pay to the chiefs and braves as aforesaid, annually, forever, an income of not less than five per cent. thereon; a portion of said interest, not exceeding one third, to be applied in such manner as the President may direct, and the residue to be paid in specie, or in such other manner, and for such objects, as the proper authorities of

the tribe may designate. Second. To pay to the relatives and friends of the chiefs and braves, of mixed blood. as aforesaid, having not less than one quarter of Sioux blood, \$110,000